



3RD ANNUAL UNMANNED SYSTEMS WEST

Robotic Systems Capabilities Needs & Requirements and Partnerships for Effective Solution Implementation

STRATEGIC DEVELOPMENT FRAMEWORK FOR AUTONOMOUS SYSTEMS RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT AT MIT LINCOLN LABORATORY



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DoD AUTONOMOUS SYSTEMS NEEDS

Defense Objectives

National Defense Strategy Defense Priorities[†]

- Defending the homeland, paced to the growing multi-domain threat
- Deterring strategic attacks against the United States, Allies, and partners
- Deterring aggression, while being prepared to prevail in conflict when necessary, prioritizing the PRC challenge in the Indo-Pacific, then the Russia challenge in Europe
- Building a resilient Joint Force and defense ecosystem



Joint Warfighting Concept

- Joint All Domain C2
- Joint Fires
- Contested Logistics
- Information Advantage



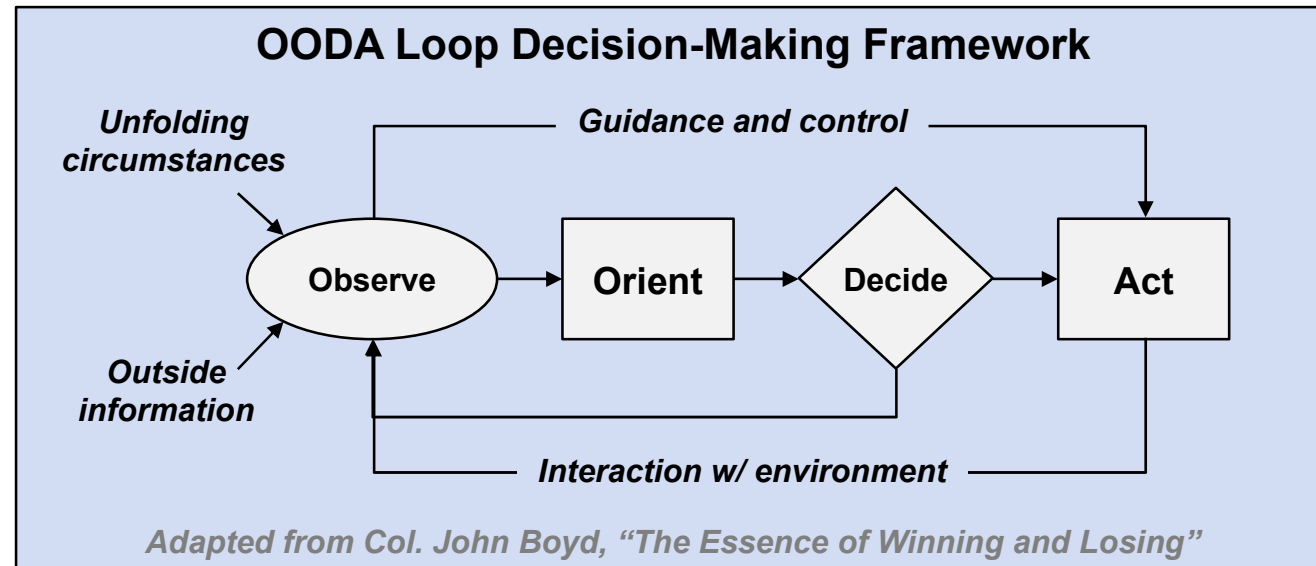
OUSD(R&E) National Defense Strategy	Unmanned Strategic Objectives	Autonomy* Opportunity Areas
Build a More Lethal Force	Key capabilities modernization	Space and Cyber missions, C4ISR, joint lethality, advanced expeditionary autonomy
	Innovative operational concepts	Application of heterogeneous teams, including human-machine teams
	Mobile and resilient force development	Resilient and agile logistics, unmanned systems deployment planning
Strengthen Alliances and Attract New Partners	Deepen interoperability	Algorithms and architectures robust to platform and sensor variety
Enhance ability of DoD to deliver Greater Performance and Affordability	Deliver performance at relevant time scales	Continuous adaptation, scalability, modularization
	Rapid, iterative development to field	Rapid prototyping, testbeds and simulation environments

**Adapted from Department of the Navy Unmanned Campaign Framework March 16, 2021*



AUTONOMY IN DYNAMIC SYSTEMS

- **MIT IR&D Autonomous systems objective**
 - Enable a platform or team to execute a decision-making framework with reduced human intervention
 - Application of AI or other decision-making to systems in motion
- **Functional and operational Technology Pillars of an autonomous system**
 - Sensing & Perception
 - Planning & Decision-making
 - Execution & Control
 - Coordination, Collaboration, & Reorganization

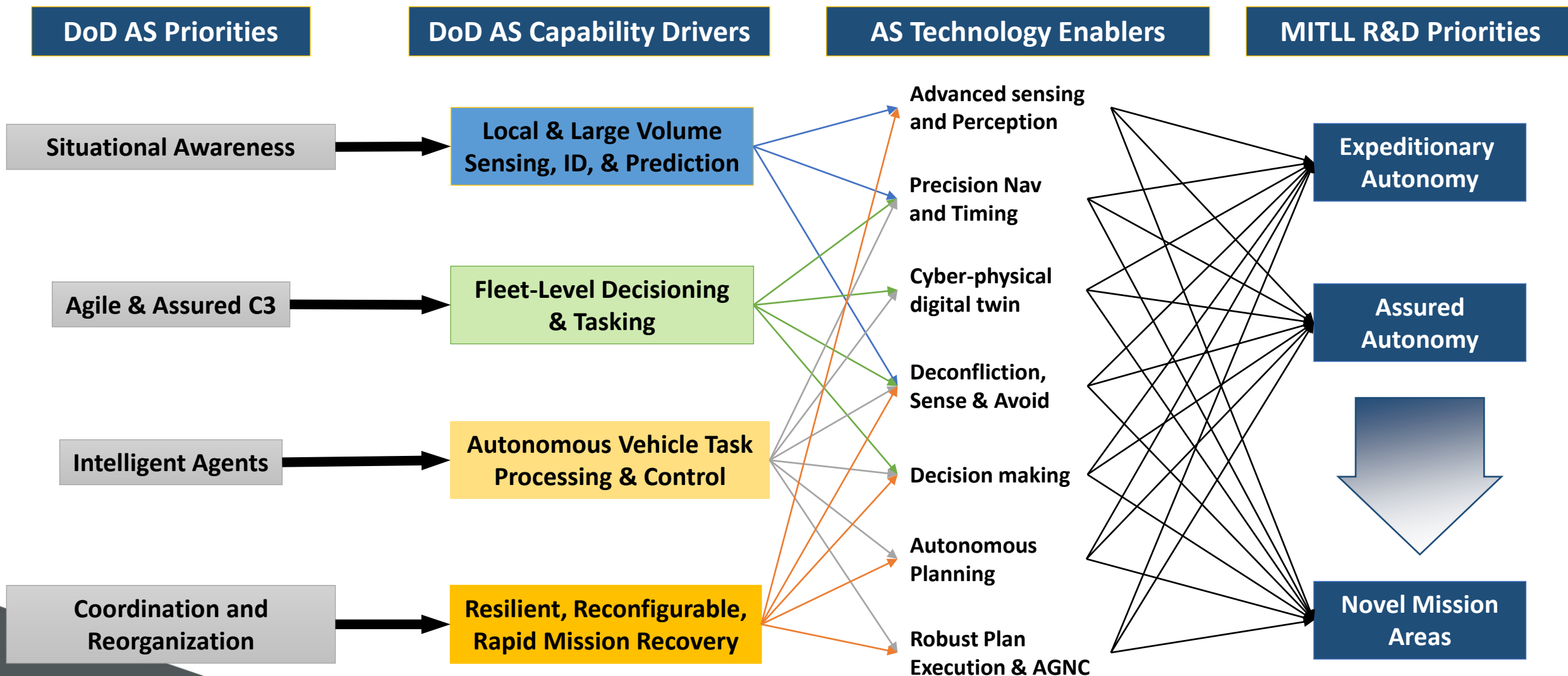


Cross-Domain Heterogenous Team of Autonomous Agents



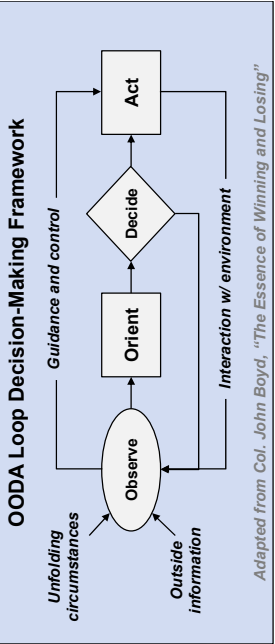
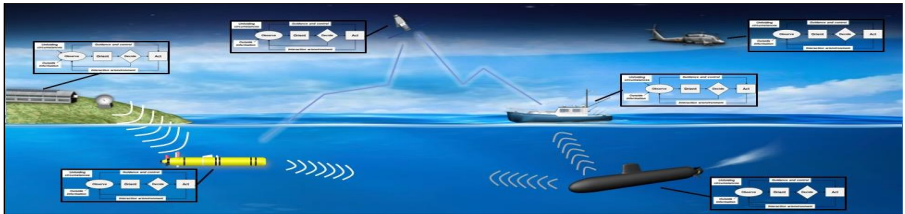


AUTONOMOUS SYSTEM IR&D INVESTMENT PRIORITY STRATEGY





MIT LINCOLN AUTONOMOUS SYSTEM TECHNOLOGY/THRUST RUBRIC



Autonomous Systems Technology		Autonomous System Capability Thrusts		
Major Technology Classes	Technology Sub-Classes	Expeditionary Autonomy	Assured Autonomy	Novel mission Areas
Perception & Estimation	Perception			
	State Estimation			
Planning & Reasoning	Fault Detection & Identification (FDI)			
	Mission & Resource Planning / Scheduling			
	Motion Planning			
Execution & Control	Fault Accommodation			
	Guidance & Trajectory Design Control			
Heterogeneous Teaming & Interoperability	Behavior & Intent Prediction			
	Goal & Task Negotiation			
	Operations Trust			



AUTONOMOUS SYSTEMS: ANALYSIS OF STATE OF THE ART

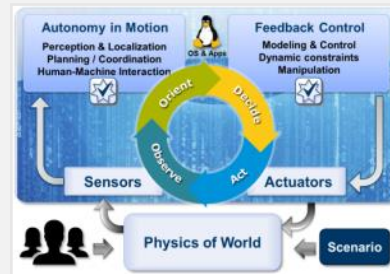
Gaps, Drivers, Needs, and Opportunities

Expeditionary Autonomy



- [D]** Intelligent perception, decision making, reasoning, & GNC in adversarial, uncertain environments
- [D]** Scalable, distributed and robust multi-agent systems for C2, data, and/or PNT
- [G]** Analytic and AI/ML algorithms for low SWaP expeditionary systems
- [G]** Minimal human control in dynamic & unpredictable scenarios
- [O]** Force multiplication of complex tasking with swarms of simple agents

Assured Autonomy



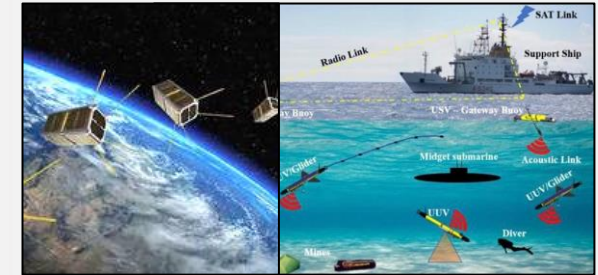
- [D]** Trust-enabling V&V of AS operating in complex environments, including human-machine teaming
- [D]** Methods and algorithms to develop and test behavioral bounding
- [N]** Learning how to learn
- [N]** Developing intelligence with common sense
- [O]** Autonomy-driven real time decision support to provide better situational awareness to humans

Human-Machine Teaming



- [O]** Scalable teaming of autonomous systems
- [N]** Effective human-machine interaction for teaming and autonomy-augmented performance
- [O]** Collaboration (heterogeneous teaming) vs. coordination & cooperation (homogeneous teaming)

Enabling Novel Mission Areas

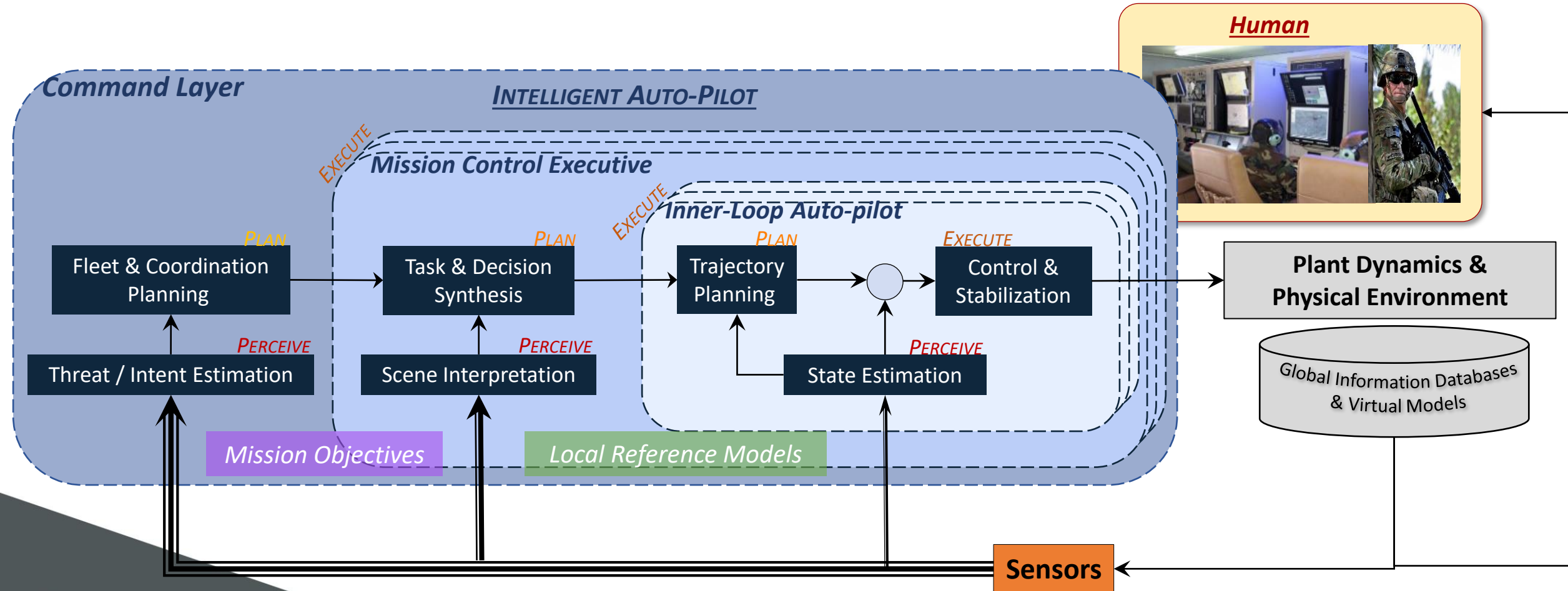


- [G]** Autonomy-focused mission utility analysis and studies in adversarial, degraded, and extreme environments
- [D]** Mission-tailored vehicle & autonomy architectures
- [N]** Evaluations and trades to include novel sensor & actuators



AUTONOMOUS SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE FRAMEWORK

Goal: Develop advanced algorithms and technologies that enable autonomous platforms to conduct missions of national security relevance in dynamic, unpredictable, and unstructured environments





HAVE A QUESTION?

